

Mathematics and Statistics
Homework 1: Basic Algebraic Operations

Student Name:

Student ID:

Q1: Select the correct classification for each number

The number	The number set				
	N :Natural	Z :Integer	Q :Rational	I :Irrational	R :Real
7	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Z	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Q	<input type="checkbox"/> I	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> R
-15	<input type="checkbox"/> N	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Z	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Q	<input type="checkbox"/> I	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> R
$\frac{5}{7}$	<input type="checkbox"/> N	<input type="checkbox"/> Z	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Q	<input type="checkbox"/> I	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> R
3.75	<input type="checkbox"/> N	<input type="checkbox"/> Z	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Q	<input type="checkbox"/> I	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> R
$\sqrt{3}$	<input type="checkbox"/> N	<input type="checkbox"/> Z	<input type="checkbox"/> Q	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> I	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> R

Q2: Answer True or False

For all real numbers x, y, z, m and n , then

1. $x + y = y + x$ (✓) *الجمع ممليطٌ بأجل المثلث*
2. $(xy)z = (xy)z$ (✓)
3. $(x \div y) \div z = (x \div y) \div z$ (✗)
4. $\frac{x}{y} \cdot \frac{y}{x} = 1$ (✓) *جزء بعده مع مکوسهٍ (جزئی کے مساوی ہے)*
5. The additive inverse of $\frac{x}{y}$ is $-\frac{y}{x}$ (✗) *المکوس مجموعی*
6. $(x^m)^n = x^{m+n}$ (✗) *قوى جزویہٍ لائقی نظریٰ نسبیں*
7. $\frac{x^m}{x^n} = x^{m-n}$, where $x \neq 0$ (✓) *النسبیات بینہم خصوصی نظریٰ نسبیں*
8. $\sqrt{x+y} = \sqrt{x} + \sqrt{y}$, where x and y are positive. (✗)
9. $\sqrt{xy} = \sqrt{x} \cdot \sqrt{y}$, where x and y are positive. (✓)
10. $(x+y)^3 = x^3 + y^3$ (✗) *حکوم ایکب انتام* $x^3 + 3x^2y + 3xy^2 + y^3$

Mathematics and Statistics
Homework 1: Basic Algebraic Operations

Q3: Select the correct answer:

1. The additive identity of the real number is
 (a) 1 (b) 0 (c) -1 (d) none of these

2. The multiplicative identity of the real numbers is
 (a) 1 (b) 0 (c) -1 (d) none of these

3. The additive inverse of 5 is **المحکوم بالجمع للعدد 5 هو -5**
 (a) -5 (b) 0 (c) 0.5 (d) none of these

4. The multiplicative inverse of $\frac{3}{2}$ is **المحکوم بالضرب بـ $\frac{2}{3}$ هو $\frac{2}{3}$**
 (a) $\frac{3}{2}$ (b) $\frac{1}{2}$ (c) $\frac{2}{3}$ (d) none of these

5. $-100(1 - 3x) =$
 (a) $-100 + 3x$ (b) $300 + x$ (c) $100 - 300x$ (d) $-100 + 300x$

6. $\frac{100}{0} =$ **المفہوم صفر۔! ذن لفہم غیر معروضہ**
 (a) 100 (b) 0 (c) $\frac{1}{100}$ (d) ∞

7. $(\frac{3}{8})^{-1} =$ **نٹلب بکر**
 (a) $\frac{3}{8}$ (b) $\frac{8}{3}$ (c) 0 (d) ∞

8. $(x^2)^0 =$ **حرف عہ نہیں حعمق۔! اذن = ۱**
 (a) x^2 (b) 0 (c) 1 (d) x^{20}

9. $2^{-4} =$ **$\frac{1}{16}$**
 (a) 16 (b) $\frac{1}{16}$ (c) 8 (d) none of these

10. $\sqrt[3]{-27} =$
 (a) 3 (b) -3 (c) -1 (d) It is not a real number

11. $\sqrt[4]{-16} =$
 (a) 2 (b) -2 (c) -1 (d) It is not a real number

Mathematics and Statistics
Homework 1: Basic Algebraic Operations

12. Which of the following is not a polynomial?

- (a) $x^2 + 2x$ (b) $x^3 + x^2$ (c) $x^{-2} + \sqrt{x}$ (d) $x^3 + 1$
-

13. The degree of the polynomial $x^3 + 4x^2 + 5x + 1$ is

- (a) 2 (b) 3 (c) 4 (d) 5
-

14. The degree of the polynomial $xy + x^2y^2 + x^2y^3$ is

- (a) 2 (b) 3 (c) 4 (d) 5
-

15. Simplify: $\frac{2}{3} + \frac{4}{5} = \dots$

- (a) $\frac{22}{15}$ (b) $\frac{10}{15}$ (c) $\frac{8}{15}$ (d) none of these
-

16. Simplify: $5 - \frac{2}{3} = \dots$

- (a) $\frac{13}{3}$ (b) $\frac{15}{3}$ (c) $\frac{10}{3}$ (d) none of these
-

17. Simplify: $\frac{3}{4} \cdot \frac{2}{5} = \dots$

- (a) $\frac{6}{20}$ (b) $\frac{3}{10}$ (c) $\frac{5}{8}$ (d) none of these
-

18. Simplify: $\frac{3}{4} \div \frac{2}{5} = \dots$

- (a) $\frac{3}{8}$ (b) $\frac{15}{8}$ (c) $\frac{8}{3}$ (d) none of these
-

19. Simplify: $\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{3}{4}\right)^{-1} = \dots$

- (a) $\frac{4}{5}$ (b) $\frac{5}{4}$ (c) $\frac{1}{5}$ (d) none of these
-

20. Simplify: $\sqrt{\frac{9}{25}} = \dots$

- (a) $\frac{3}{5}$ (b) $\frac{5}{3}$ (c) 1 (d) none of these
-

21. Simplify: $\sqrt{32} + \sqrt{8} - \sqrt{2} = \dots$

- (a) $3\sqrt{2}$ (b) $4\sqrt{2}$ (c) $5\sqrt{2}$ (d) none of these
-

Mathematics and Statistics
Homework 1: Basic Algebraic Operations

22. Simplify: $\frac{\sqrt{50}+\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{18}} = \dots$

(a) $\frac{1}{2}$

(b) 2

(c) $\sqrt{2}$

(d) none of these

23. Simplify: $(2x^3y^{-3})(3x^2y^3) = \dots$

(a) $6x^5$

(b) $6x^5y^{-6}$

(c) $6x^5y$

(d) none of these

24. Simplify: $\frac{8x^4y^3z}{4x^2y^5z^{-1}} = \dots$

(a) $\frac{2x^2y^2}{z^2}$

(b) $\frac{2x^2z^2}{y^2}$

(c) $2x^2y^2z^2$

(d) none of these

25. Simplify: $\sqrt{16x^4y^6} = \dots$

(a) $4x^2y^3$

(b) $4x^2y^2$

(c) $4xy^3$

(d) none of these

26. Factor: $x^2 - 16 = \dots$

فرف بیت هر جین

(a) $(x - 3)(x - 3)$

(c) $(x - 3)(x + 3)$

(b) $(x + 3)(x + 3)$

(d) none of these

27. Factor: $x^3 - 8 = \dots$

فرف بیت مکعبین

(a) $(x - 2)(x + 4)$

(c) $(x - 2)(x^2 - 2x + 4)$

(b) $(x - 2)(x^2 + 2x + 4)$

(d) none of these

28. Factor: $x^2 + 4x + 4 = \dots$

خليل حن المربع الثالث

(a) $(x + 2)^2$

(c) $(x - 2)(x + 2)$

(b) $(x + 2)(x + 4)$

(d) none of these

29. Factor: $x^2 - 5x + 6 = \dots$

خليل حن المربع الثاني

(a) $(x - 3)(x - 2)$

(c) $(x - 3)(x + 2)$

(b) $(x + 3)(x - 2)$

(d) none of these

30. Factor: $2x^2 + 5x - 12 = \dots$

خليل حن المربعين

(a) $(2x - 3)(x + 4)$

(c) $(2x + 3)(x + 4)$

(b) $(2x + 4)(x - 3)$

(d) none of these